

ARIJ Daily Report

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Israeli Violations' Activities in the oPt 06 August 2014

 \mathbf{T} he daily report highlights the violations behind Israeli home demolitions and demolition threats occupied Palestinian territory, in the the confiscation and razing of lands, the uprooting and destruction of fruit trees, the expansion of settlements and erection of outposts, the brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army, the Israeli settlers violence against Palestinian civilians and properties, the erection of checkpoints, the construction of the Israeli segregation wall and the issuance of military orders for the various Israeli purposes.

The Violations are based on reports provided by field workers and \or news sources.

The text is not quoted directly from the sources but is edited for clarity.

The daily report does not necessarily reflect ARIJ's opinion.

Brutality of the Israeli Occupation Army

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) invaded and toured in Idhna and Yatta towns in Hebron governorate. (Wafa 6 August 2014)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Qabatyia and Az-Zababida villages, south of Jenin city. The IOA fired rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades, causing dozens of suffocation cases and the injury of Mohammad Hani Abu Al-Rub, and Bilal Hamad Sharqawi. (Wafa 6 August 2014)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed and searched a Palestinian house in Al-Jadida village, southwest of Jenin city. The targeted house is owned by Mahmoud Ali Al-Haj Saleh. (Wafa 6 August 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) prevented dozens of Palestinians from entering Al-Aqsa mosque in Jerusalem city. At the same time, a group of Israeli settlers escorted by the IOA stormed Al-Aqsa mosque and toured in its courtyard. (Wafa 6 August 2014)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) in Jabal Al-Mukaber, As-Sawana neighborhoods and Shufat refugee camps and Al-Issawiya town in Jerusalem city. The IOA fired wastewater, rubber bullets, teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians and houses, causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 6 August 2014)
- Four Palestinians were injured and dozens suffered gas inhalation during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) at Bab Az-Zawiya area in Hebron city. The IOA fired live and rubber bullets, and teargas grenades. (Safa 6 August 2014)
- Clashes erupted between Palestinians and the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) near Qalandyia checkpoint, north of Jerusalem city. The IOA fired rubber bullets at Palestinians. (RB2000 6 August 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) fired teargas grenades at Palestinian houses in Budrus village, west of Ramallah city. The IOA detained for few hours a Palestinian child. (RB2000 6 August 2014)

Gaza Strip

Since the beginning of the assault on Gaza almost a month ago, Israel has repeatedly committed international violations by deliberately targeting civilians and carrying out mass killings, while also targeting UN facilities housing thousands of displaced people who were forced to flee their homes. According to the Ministry of Health, 38 people were killed after Israel targeted three UNRWA schools in Beit Hanoun, Jabalia and Rafah. Tens more were injured. Schools that have been directly targeted include Al-Maghazi High School for Girls (July 21), Deir Al-Balah High School for Girls (July 23), Beit Hanoun Primary School (July 24), Zaitoun High School for Girls (July 29), Jabalia Primary School for Girls (July 3) and Rafah Primary School for Boys (Aug. 3). The most recent violations include Israel's breach of its unilateral truce, which it had announced would start at 10 a.m. Monday. Instead, at 10:15 that morning, two missiles hit a house in a camp on the west coast of Gaza City belonging to the Al-Bakri family. The air strike killed two children from the Al-Bakri family, the eldest

just 8 years old and the youngest just a baby. Thirty-six others were injured, bringing the total number of victims on the day of the so-called truce to 56 dead and 198 wounded -- nearly half children. Statistics: The Euro-Mid Observer for Human Rights has documented that on Aug. 4, the 28th day of the assault, the number of Palestinians killed was 56, including 22 children and nine women. That brings the total number of deaths during the operation to 1,865, of whom 426 were children and 254 were women. As a result of the heavy bombardment of the Gaza Strip, 198 people were wounded on Aug. 4, including 72 children and 59 women. In total, since the assault began on July 8, 9,563 individuals have been wounded, including 2,877 children and 1,927 women. On Aug. 4, the Israeli military carried out 330 attacks, including 99 from the sea, 34 from the air and 197 from tanks. Since the beginning of the operation, there have been 59,200 Israeli attacks --36,442 from army tanks, 15,580 by the navy and 7,178 via airstrikes. Euro-Mid Observer for Human Rights has documented a rate of destruction of three houses every hour since the beginning of the bombardment. On Monday, Aug. 4, 121 houses were damaged, 19 completely razed and 102 partially destroyed, bringing the total number of affected homes to 10,604 (1,724 destroyed and 8,880 partially damaged). Meanwhile, Euro-Mid Observer has confirmed the Israeli army's ongoing use of random artillery shelling to target border areas, forcing the displacement of thousands of residents. As of the evening of Aug. 4, there were more than 475,000 displaced people, some of whom were forced to flee by air raids, with about half escaping to UNRWA schools that are no more secure. Three of these schools were directly targeted, killing 38. Places of worship also have been targeted, with Israeli forces intentionally targeting mosques. The Euro-Mid Observer team reported on Monday the targeting of seven mosques by Israeli warplanes, three of which were completely destroyed and four damaged. The total number of places of worship hit since the beginning of the attack now is 134 (43 mosques completely razed and two churches damaged). In addition, 11 cemeteries -- one Muslim and one Christian -- have been damaged as a result of Israeli military strikes. The number of schools damaged since the start of the offensive now is 188, affecting approximately 152,000 pupils. Health facilities. The Ministry of Health reports that since the beginning of the Israeli assault, it has closed 34 of 55 primary care centers due to direct targeting and residents' inability to reach them. (Euro-mid 6 August 2014)

• Red Cross in Gaza: Rebuilding will take years. In a Ynet exclusive, Sara Badiei, a Red Cross engineer in Gaza says that most Gazans have been

left with no electricity and little drinkable water. Residents in Gaza emerged from make-shift shelters Tuesday after a three-day ceasefire between Israel and Hamas went into effect at 8am. Many skeptically returned home, often to find destruction. Others patrolled through the Gaza Strip attempting to estimate the amount of damage that had been caused over the course of the IDF's month-long Operation Protective Edge. Rehabilitation they say, can only be considered once the extent of the damage can be accounted for. In an exclusive interview with Ynet, Red Cross engineer Sara Badiei said that rebuilding infrastructure critical to providing clean water and electricity would talk years. Badiei has been working in the east of the Gaza Strip since March. "It makes sense for people to see the extent of the damage," she told Ynet. "There's nothing better to explain how difficult the situation is than just that." "I absolutely cannot say one side or another, I'm just an engineer," she continued. "But for example, I know that the people I work with haven't had electricity for six days now and they haven't had water for multiple days." The hardest blow for the Gaza Strip, according to Badiei, has been to infrastructure supplying electricity to the population including the Strip's only power plant which was hit by an Israeli attack and could take over a year to repair. Badiei cited that prior to Operation Protective Edge, enough electricity was provided to the Gaza Strip to meet some 50% of demand. Today however, Badiei said that most of the Strip was getting by with no electricity access whatsoever. (<u>Ynetnews</u> 6 August 2014)

• Palestinian Medical crews found the bodies of two Palestinian martyrs under the rubble of their houses in Al-Khaza'a town, east of Khan Younis city, south of Gaza strip. (Wafa 6 August 2014)

Israeli Arrests

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Beirut Ali Mohammad (17 years) after stopping her at Za'tara military checkpoint, south of Nablus city. (Wafa 6 August 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) summoned Bader and Shaher Al-Issah to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police in Salem military base, after raiding their houses in Sanur village, south of Jenin city. (Wafa 6 August 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Haithem Mahmoud Fadel (29 years) after raiding and searching his house in Baqa Ash-Sharqiya village, north of Tulkarm city. (Wafa 6 August 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Samer Hassan Jaradat (26 years) after storming his family house in Silat Al-Harithiya village, northwest of Jenin city. (Al-Quds 6 August 2014)

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Islam Jamal Abu Basma (21 years) after storming and searching his house in Bethlehem city. (Wafa 6 August 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested three Palestinians after raiding their houses in Hebron city. The arrestees were identified as: Ibrahim Fadel Jaber, Ahmed Al-Jamal and Abdalla Ahmed Suliman Abu Isninah. During the operation, the IOA stormed and searched a Palestinian house owned by Osama Naje Al-Hashlamun. (Wafa 6 August 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Hisham Taym Al-Rujob after raiding his house in Dura town, west of Hebron city. (Wafa 6 August 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Salem Mohammad Al-Bariri (14 years) during clashes that erupted between Palestinians and the IOA in Ayda refugee camp, north of Bethlehem city. The IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians causing dozens of suffocation cases. (RB2000 6 August 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested two Palestinians and summoned others to interview the Israeli Intelligence Police, after storming and searching their houses in Beit Ummer town, north of Hebron city. The arrestees were identified as: Safwat Samer Aiesh Akhalil (28 years) and Ibrahim Ahmed Mustafah Awad (25 years). During the operation, clashes erupted between Palestinians and the IOA, where the IOA fired teargas and stun grenades at Palestinians causing dozens of suffocation cases. (Maannews 6 August 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Mohammad Adnan Al-Haiya after raiding his house in Kafr Dan village, northwest of Jenin city. (Raya 6 August 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) arrested Bashir Abd Al-Karem Amri after storming his house in Faqqu'a village, northeast of Jenin city. (Raya 6 August 2014)

Israeli Settler Violence

- Israeli settlers living in Avnei Hefez settlement occupied a Palestinian land near the settlement and raised the Israeli flags on it. (Wafa 6 August 2014)
- Israeli settlers escorted by the Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) stormed Soup Ad-Dahab area in the old city of Hebron and destroyed the doors of a number of commercial structures. (Wafa 6 August 2014)

Home Demolition & Demolition threats

• Israeli Occupation bulldozers demolished two commercial structures in Barta'a Ash-Sharqiya village, west of Jenin city. The targeted structures are owned by: Mohammad Ibrahim Qabha and Ruslan 'Amarnih. (Wafa 6 August 2014)

Erection of Israeli checkpoints

- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected a military checkpoint at the entrance of Jaba village, southwest of Jenin city. (Wafa 6 August 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) erected sudden checkpoints at the entrances of Sair and Halhul towns and at the northern entrance of Hebron city. The IOA stopped and searched Palestinian vehicles and checked ID cards. (Wafa 6 August 2014)
- Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) set up an Iron Gate at the western entrance of Shufa village, west of Tulkarm city. (Wafa 6 August 2014)

Israeli Closures

• Israeli Occupation Army (IOA) closed Al-Container checkpoint, northeast of Jerusalem city and prevented Palestinians vehicles from crossing it. The IOA detained and searched vehicles and checked ID cards. (RB2000 6 August 2014)

Other

Israeli Supreme Court held Cremisan Hearing in August 4th, 2014. The Supreme Court of Israel held yesterday a hearing on the route of the separation wall in the Cremisan valley in Beit Jala. During the hearing, which was attended by diplomats and civil society, the Court examined and discussed the proposed routes of the separation wall as presented by the State of Israel and the alternative route by the Peace and Security Council. Among the discussed routes, the Court examined the three recently submitted expert reports by the State of Israel, aimed to support the Court's approval of the separation wall's route in Cremisan. The State of Israel demanded the Court to adopt its proposed route, stressing the "security" element. St. Yves, representing the Salesian Nuns Monestary in Cremisan, a petitioner in the case, expressed to the Court its complete refusal of any barriers in the area and brought the Court's attention to the fact that Israel's proposed route, if implemented, will separate Palestinian landowners from their land and pave the way to connect two Israeli settlements, Gilo and Har Gilo, which reflects illegal territorial expansion interests. Zvi Avni, the St. Yves Advocate for the Salesian Nuns, stated, "There is no justification for confiscating land belonging to the Salesian Nuns and Salesian Monks and creating a wall between the two orders." St. Yves also demanded that Church property be protected in consistency with the convention signed between the Vatican and Israel. The Court also listened to the other petitioners in the case, as well as the Peace and Security Council who joined the hearing as *amicus curie*, and discussed its alternative route of the wall in Cremisan, being of lesser harm to the residents, convents and environment. The Court closed the hearing without giving its final verdict and will be providing it later, without specifying a date. (Society of ST. Yves – Catholic Center for Human Rights 6 August 2014)